

SAFETY DATA SHEET

COMMERCIAL BLEACH

Infosafe No.: LQ66I
ISSUED Date : 10/01/2017
ISSUED by: JASOL AUSTRALIA

CLASSIFIED AS HAZARDOUS

1. IDENTIFICATION

GHS Product Identifier

COMMERCIAL BLEACH

Product Code

2066070

Company Name

JASOL AUSTRALIA

Address

Level 3, 187 Todd Road Port Melbourne

VIC 3207 AUSTRALIA

Telephone/Fax Number

Tel: 03 95805722

Fax: 03 95809902

Emergency phone number

1800 629953

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Bleaching agent and source of active chlorine

Disclaimer

The Company has taken care in compiling this information. No liability is accepted whether direct or indirect from its application since the conditions of final use are outside the Company's control. The end user is obliged to conform to relevant government regulations and/or patent laws applicable in their respective States of Countries.

24-Hour Emergency Telephone: AUS: 1800 629 953 NZ: Poisons 0800 764 766, Spills 111 FIRE

2. HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

GHS classification of the substance/mixture

Classified as Hazardous according to the Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS) including Work, Health and Safety Regulations, Australia.

Classified as Dangerous Goods according to the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail. (7th edition)

Corrosive to Metals: Category 1

Eye Damage/Irritation: Category 1

Skin Corrosion/Irritation: Category 1B

Signal Word (s)

DANGER

Hazard Statement (s)

AUH031 Contact with acids liberates toxic gas.

H290 May be corrosive to metals.

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Pictogram (s)

Corrosion



Precautionary statement – Prevention

- P234 Keep only in original container.
 P260 Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.
 P264 Wash contaminated skin thoroughly after handling.
 P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Precautionary statement – Response

- P301+P330+P331 IF SWALLOWED: rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.
 P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.
 P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.
 P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
 P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.
 P363 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
 P390 Absorb spillage to prevent material damage.

Precautionary statement – Storage

- P405 Store locked up.
 P406 Store in corrosive resistant/ container with a resistant inner liner.

Precautionary statement – Disposal

- P501 Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Ingredients

Name	CAS	Proportion
Sodium hypochlorite	7681- 52- 9	10- 20 %
Ingredients determined not to be hazardous		Balance

4. FIRST-AID MEASURES

Inhalation

If inhaled, remove affected person from contaminated area and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Seek medical attention. Apply artificial respiration if NOT breathing and immediately seek medical attention.

Ingestion

Do NOT induce vomiting. Wash/rinse out mouth thoroughly with water. Seek immediate medical attention.

Skin

If on skin (or hair) remove/take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash/rinse skin gently and thoroughly with water/shower and non-abrasive soap for 15 minutes after handling. Ensure contaminated clothing is washed before re-use or discard. Seek immediate medical attention.

Eye contact

If in eyes, hold eyelids apart and flush the eyes continuously with running water. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue flushing until advised to stop by the Poisons Information Centre or a doctor, or for at least 15 minutes. Seek immediate medical attention.

First Aid Facilities

Eyewash, safety shower and normal washroom facilities.

Advice to Doctor

Product is a solution of sodium hypochlorite. If swallowed, may lead to fall in blood pressure. Treat with antacids to neutralise

hypochlorous acid formed in the stomach, then as for alkaline materials. Onset of pulmonary oedema, following inhalation overexposure, may be delayed. Treat symptomatically. Contact Poisons Information Centre.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

No adverse health effects expected if the product is handled in accordance with this MSDS and the product label.

Other Information

For advice in an emergency, contact a Poisons Information Centre (Phone Australia 131 126) or a doctor at once.

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable Extinguishing Media

Carbon dioxide, dry chemical, foam, water fog or water mist.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media

Do not use water jet.

Hazards from Combustion Products

Under fire conditions this product may emit toxic and/or irritating fumes and gases, chlorine, water vapour, sodium hydroxide, sodium carbonate, sodium chloride.

Specific Hazards Arising From The Chemical

Contact with combustible material may cause fire. May form explosive products with primary aliphatic or aromatic amines, methanol and with nitrites. Contact with acids will generate chlorine, a toxic and corrosive gas. May react vigorously or violently with oxidising agents, reducing agents and metal salts.

Hazchem Code

2X

Decomposition Temperature

Not available

Precautions in connection with Fire

Fire fighters should wear full protective clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) operated in positive pressure mode. Fight fire from safe location.

Other Information

Avoid contact with coloured fabric as Chlorine may bleach colour out. May give off dangerous gas if mixed with other products.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Emergency Procedures

Evacuate all unprotected personnel. Do not allow contact with skin and eyes. Do not breathe mist/vapour. As a water based product, if spilt on electrical equipment the product will cause short-circuits. It is essential to wear self-contained breathing apparatus (S.C.B.A) and full personal protective equipment and clothing to prevent exposure. Avoid exposure to spillage by collecting the material using vacuum and transfer into suitable labelled containers for subsequent recycling or disposal. Dispose of waste according to applicable local and national regulations. If contamination of sewers or waterways occurs inform the local water and waste management authorities in accordance with local regulations.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for Safe Handling

Corrosive liquid. Attacks skin and eyes. Causes burns. Avoid breathing in vapours, mist or fumes. Wear suitable protective clothing, gloves and eye/face protection when mixing and using. Use in designated areas with adequate ventilation. Keep containers tightly closed. Ensure a high level of personal hygiene is maintained when using this product, that is, always wash hands after handling, and before eating, drinking, smoking or using the toilet facilities.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Corrosive liquid. Store in a cool dry well-ventilated area. Protect from freezing. Store away from oxidising agents and bases/acids. Keep containers closed when not in use, securely sealed and protected against physical damage. Inspect regularly for deficiencies such as damage or leaks. Provide a catch-tank in a bunded area. Store in original packages as approved by manufacturer. Ensure that storage conditions comply with applicable local and national regulations.

For information on the design of the storeroom, reference should be made to Australian Standard AS 3780 The storage and handling of corrosive substances.

Corrosiveness

May be corrosive to metals.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Occupational exposure limit values

No exposure standards have been established for the mixture. However, over-exposure to some chemicals may result in enhancement of pre-existing adverse medical conditions and/or allergic reactions and should be kept to the least possible levels.

Biological Limit Values

No biological limits allocated.

Appropriate Engineering Controls

This substance is hazardous and should be used with a local exhaust ventilation system, drawing vapours away from workers' breathing zone. If the engineering controls are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of vapours/mists below the exposure standards, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

Respiratory Protection

If engineering controls are not effective in controlling airborne exposure then an approved respirator with a replaceable vapor/mist filter should be used. Refer to relevant regulations for further information concerning respiratory protective requirements.

Reference should be made to Australian Standards AS/NZS 1715, Selection, Use and Maintenance of Respiratory Protective Devices; and AS/NZS 1716, Respiratory Protective Devices, in order to make any necessary changes for individual circumstances.

Eye Protection

Safety glasses with full face shield should be used. Eye protection devices should conform to relevant regulations.

Eye protection should conform with Australian/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 1337 - Eye Protectors for Industrial Applications.

Hand Protection

Wear gloves of impervious material such as rubber or plastic. Final choice of appropriate gloves will vary according to individual circumstances. i.e. methods of handling or according to risk assessments undertaken. Occupational protective gloves should conform to relevant regulations.

Reference should be made to AS/NZS 2161.1: Occupational protective gloves - Selection, use and maintenance.

Body Protection

Suitable protective workwear, e.g. cotton overalls buttoned at neck and wrist is recommended. Chemical resistant apron is recommended where large quantities are handled.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Form

Liquid

Appearance

Clear, almost colourless, mobile liquid. May become yellow on long storage. Miscible with water in all proportions. pH is alkaline.

Colour

Clear pale yellow.

Odour

Strong smell of chlorine.

Decomposition Temperature

Not available

Melting Point

Not available

Boiling Point

100°C

Solubility in Water

Miscible with water in all proportions.

Specific Gravity

1.25

pH

12

Vapour Pressure

Not available.

Vapour Density (Air=1)

Not available

Evaporation Rate

Not available

Odour Threshold

Not available

Viscosity

Refer to Section 9: Kinematic Viscosity and Dynamic Viscosity

Volatile Component

Not available

Partition Coefficient: n-octanol/water

Not available

Flash Point

None

Flammability

Non combustible

Auto-Ignition Temperature

Not available

Flammable Limits - Lower

Not available

Flammable Limits - Upper

Not available

Explosion Properties

Not available

Oxidising Properties

Not available

Kinematic Viscosity

Not available

Dynamic Viscosity

Not available

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Chemical Stability

Stable under normal conditions of storage and handling.

Reactivity and Stability

Refer to Section 10: Possibility of hazardous reactions.

Conditions to Avoid

Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight

Incompatible materials

Not available.

Hazardous Decomposition Products

Decomposes on heating to emit toxic fumes. Heating can cause expansion of containers or decomposition leading to violent rupture of containers. Reacts vigorously with acids to produce dangerous levels of gaseous chlorine. Reacts with amines, ammonium salts, aziridine, methanol, phenylacetonitrile, metal salts, peroxides and reducing agents.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

May form toxic oxides of Chlorine if involved in a fire.

Hazardous Polymerization

Not available

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicology Information

No toxicity data available for this material.

Ingestion

Ingestion of this product will cause nausea, vomiting, abdominal pain and chemical burns to the mouth, throat and stomach.

Inhalation

Inhalation of mist or vapour will result in respiratory irritation and possible harmful corrosive effects including burns, lesions of the nasal septum, pulmonary edema, and scarring of tissue.

Skin

Causes burns. Corrosive to the skin. Skin contact can cause redness, itching, irritation, severe pain and chemical burns with resultant tissue destruction.

Eye

Causes eye damage. Eye contact will cause stinging, blurring, tearing, severe pain and possible burns, necrosis, permanent damage and blindness.

Respiratory sensitisation

Not expected to be a respiratory sensitiser.

Skin Sensitisation

Not expected to be a skin sensitiser.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not considered to be a mutagenic hazard.

Carcinogenicity

Not considered to be a carcinogenic hazard.

Reproductive Toxicity

Not considered to be toxic to reproduction.

STOT-single exposure

Not expected to cause toxicity to a specific target organ.

STOT-repeated exposure

Not expected to cause toxicity to a specific target organ.

Aspiration Hazard

Not expected to be an aspiration hazard.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Toxic to aquatic life.

Persistence and degradability

Not available

Mobility

Not available

Bioaccumulative Potential

Not available

Other Adverse Effects

Not available

Environmental Protection

Prevent large amounts from entering waterways, drains and sewers.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal considerations

Dispose of waste according to applicable local and national regulations. Do not allow into drains or watercourses or dispose of where ground or surface waters may be affected. Wastes including emptied containers are controlled wastes and should be disposed of in accordance with all applicable local and national regulations.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Transport Information

This material is classified as a Class 8 Corrosive Substances Dangerous Goods

Class 8 Dangerous Goods are incompatible in a placard load with any of the following:

- Class 1: Explosives
 - Division 4.3: Dangerous when wet Substances
 - Division 5.1: Oxidising substances
 - Division 5.2: Organic peroxides
 - Class 6, Toxic or Infectious Substances, if the Class 6 dangerous goods are cyanides and the Class 8 dangerous goods are acids
 - Class 7: Radioactive materials unless specifically exempted
- and are incompatible with food and food packaging in any quantity.

Strong acids must not be loaded in the same freight container or on the same vehicle with strong alkalis. Packing Group I and II acids and alkalis should be considered as strong.

Marine Transport (IMO/IMDG):

Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG Code) for transport by sea.

Class/Division: 8

UN No: 1791

Proper Shipping Name: HYPOCHLORITE SOLUTION (CONTAINS: SODIUM HYPOCHLORITE)

Packing Group: III

EMS : F-A, S-B

Special Provisions: 223

Air Transport (ICAO/IATA):

Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Air Transport Association (IATA) Dangerous Goods Regulations for transport by air.

Class/Division: 8

UN No: 1791

Proper Shipping Name: hypochlorite solution (Contains: sodium hypochlorite)

Packing Group: III

Packaging Instructions (passenger & cargo): 852

Packaging Instructions (cargo only): 856

Hazard Label: Corrosive

Special Provisions: A3, A803

U.N. Number

1791

UN proper shipping name

HYPOCHLORITE SOLUTION(Contains: Sodium Hypochlorite)

Transport hazard class(es)

8

Packing Group

III

Hazchem Code

2X

IERG Number

37

IMDG Marine pollutant

No

Transport in Bulk

Not available

Special Precautions for User

Not available

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Regulatory information

Classified as Hazardous according to the Globally Harmonised System of classification and labelling of chemicals (GHS) including Work, Health and Safety regulations, Australia

Classified as a Scheduled Poison according to the Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP).

Poisons Schedule

S5

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Date of preparation or last revision of SDS

SDS created: May 2016

References

Preparation of Safety Data Sheets for Hazardous Chemicals Code of Practice.

Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons.

Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road & Rail.

Model Work Health and Safety Regulations, Schedule 10: Prohibited carcinogens, restricted carcinogens and restricted hazardous chemicals.

Workplace exposure standards for airborne contaminants.

Adopted biological exposure determinants, American Conference of Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH).

Globally Harmonised System of classification and labelling of chemicals

Contact Person/Point

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END OF SDS

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